

Data Literacy Cube:

A Tool for Differentiated Learning in Earth Science







About this Resource

The tools in this guide are resources to support data literacy in your instructional setting with My NASA Data Earth science data and visualizations. These flexible resources may be used with graphs, data tables, and mapped images of NASA Earth science data (or other sources of Earth data). With these tools, students engage with data by rolling a cube (or die) and answering questions to guide their data analysis. Leveled question sheets provide opportunities for students to connect with data, regardless of language proficiency or academic skill. These tools are aligned with Next Generation Science Standards Science and Engineering Practices and Common Core Mathematics Standards.

Data Literacy Cube Resources

• **Cube template:** Within this guide, you will find a black-line master template for the cube. This template can be constructed for use with the question sheets. Alternatively, gaming dice or virtual dice rollers may be substituted for the cube.



• Question Sheets: Question Sheets are leveled for both Lexile and English-language proficiencies. The leveled question sheets contain labeled (bottom left) and unlabeled versions for you to use at your discretion to help you differentiate your instruction.
Note: The Lexile range provided on each question sheet represents the text's difficulty. The students' reading comprehension levels should be taken into account when selecting the appropriate question sheet. WIDA standards and proficiency levels help educators determine which level question sheet is best suitable for the student. For further information, visit the following links: Lexile (https://lexile.com/), WIDA standards (<a href="https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/default/files/resource/WIDA-ELD-Standards-Framework-2020.pdf).





Novice	Developing	Proficient	Advanced
0	2	3	4

Level 1 - Novice

- (Lexile Levels 200-400) (WIDA proficiency level suggestions: 1.5-2.5)
- Intended Audience: elementary students, struggling learners, ELL's, and students with specific accommodations.

Level 2 - Developing

- (Lexile Levels 210-400) (WIDA proficiency level suggestions: 1.9-2.5)
- Intended Audience: elementary students, struggling learners, ELL's, and students with specific accommodations.

Level 3 - Proficient

- (Lexile Levels 410-600) (WIDA proficiency level suggestions: 2.5-4.5)
- Intended Audience: students who require reading supports, and those whose sentence and word phrase dimensions are more advanced.

Level 4 - Advanced

- (Lexile Levels 610-800) (WIDA proficiency level suggestions: 4.5-6)
- Intended Audience: fluent English speakers, academically advanced learners, and abstract thinkers.
- **Keyword List:** A list of keywords is included on various question sheets. It provides the teacher and learner with opportunities to document key vocabulary words that are incorporated in the data analysis prior to starting the activity. Some words have been included in the list, but space is provided for those who wish to add additional words that are important in the lesson.



• **Task Card:** The Task Cards provide roles for students to perform while conducting the data analysis. This allows students to specialize in an area of data analysis and recording while contributing to the team. (This is a great way to also include multilingual and other learners.)





Preparation

- 1.Access Earth science-related maps, graphs, and data for students to analyze. Identify lesson plans and activities that feature data resources in My NASA Data that students will analyze using the Data Literacy Cubes. You may want to print these for students to use. **NOTE**: These tools can be used with other Earth Science models and visualizations commonly found in textbooks, websites, etc.
 - a. Visit My NASA Data to identify content related to Earth Science topics. This website provides activities, lesson plans, and a data visualization tool, the Earth System Data Explorer. **To access NASA data** to use authentic Earth science data, visit the My NASA Data visualization tool,
 - https://mynasadata.larc.nasa.gov/EarthSystemLAS/UI.vm/)
 - b. My NASA Data Cube Icons: My NASA Data activities feature a Data Literacy cube icon. These icons indicate the compatibility of My NASA Data content to be used with the Data Literacy Cubes. Icons are displayed on the right side of My NASA Data webpages to indicate which activity could be used to engage students with the content on the page.







- 2. Print the appropriate question sheets for the Earth science materials you plan to use with students.
- 3. Print and prepare the Data Cube using the Cube Template for Students/Groups. (Note: You can also use gaming dice, virtual dice roller, etc. as a substitution.) Consider having students assemble their own cubes, individually or in teams, to foster a sense of ownership. If teams assembled the cubes, consider having the same teams use the cubes throughout the year and keeping the cubes in the classroom. You can also assign roles from the Task Cards. These roles can change throughout the year.
- 4. Assign question sheets to individual students or groups based on academic levels. Monitor students' progress over the year and assign new level question sheets as needed.
- 5. Print Task Cards for each group and other resources as needed. See the Task Card Blackline Master in this resource.





Steps

- Distribute Earth Science maps, graphs, or data to students/groups, as well as cube or dice.
- 2. Distribute the appropriate leveled-question sheet to students/groups.
- 3. Prior to beginning the data analysis, consider the following:
 - Review the list of keywords and their meanings with students.
 - Identify any additional keywords your students need to know and add them in the space provided.
 - Use additional scaffolding strategies as needed. You may also wish to include strategies such as: draw pictures on the cube to show what each question is about, write words in their native language, jigsaw, Frayer Model, Round robin, fishbowl, think alouds, storyboards, etc.
- 4. Assign the roles from the Task Card to the students in each group.
- 5. Begin the data analysis by instructing students to roll the cube (or numbered die) to answer appropriate question/s. (Allow students to work in a small group setting while they roll the cube and respond to the questions).
 - If additional writing space is required, have students use regular notebook paper (or word processing document) and attach it to the question sheets.
- 6. Have each group share with another group or with the class after completing their question sheet.
- 7. Monitor student progress and assign new level sets as students reuse cubes throughout the year.





Data Literacy Cube







1. Examine



2. Search & Find



5. Connect



3. Analyze



6. Assess



4. Ask





Task Card

Group _____

Role	Name of Student
Project Manager: You will help the group stay focused (no distractions), including keeping up with time.	
Data Manager : You will write the group's answers to the questions, and the group's summary of the data you are assigned.	
Chief Engineer: You will be responsible for selecting the random number (i.e., rolling the die, etc.) and making sure the members in your group respond to the appropriate question.	
Communications Manager: You will present and explain your group's summary of the questions.	
Extra Position:	

Group	
-------	--

Role	Name of Student
Project Manager: You will help the group stay focused (no distractions), including keeping up with time.	
Data Manager : You will write the group's answers to the questions, and the group's summary of the data you are assigned.	
Chief Engineer: You will be responsible for selecting the random number (i.e., rolling the die, etc.) and making sure the members in your group respond to the appropriate question.	
Communications Manager: You will present and explain your group's summary of the questions.	
Extra Position:	



Name:

Date:





Map Cube Questions

Keywords (add more words):

	area	biggest	: value	Earth System
	least	legend	most	smallest value
`				

1. Ex	Examine - What do the colors of the map tell you? Look closely at the map.						
	a.The color I see the most is						
	b.The color I see the least is						
	c.The (day/monthly/year) on the map is						
2. Se	arch and Find- Where on Earth do you see this map?						
	a.What part of the world does the map show? (For example, country, continent, ocean, etc.)						
	b.Point to a spot on the map and color this circle with a crayon (or pencil)						
	of a matching color to show the color in the spot on the map.						
	c. The color in the spot I am pointing to tells me that the area on the map is						
3. Ar	nalyze- What do the colors and numbers on the map tell you?						
	a.The <u>color</u> on one end of the legend is This means						
	b.The <u>color</u> on the other end of the legend is This means						
	c.The <u>number</u> on one end of the legend This means						
4. As	k - What information do you want to know about the map?						
	a. I want to know						
	b.How?						
5. Co	onnect- How do the data connect to the locations on the map?						
	a.The place with the biggest value or number is						
	b.The place with the smallest value or number is						
	c. What locations share similar values? Why do you think these are similar?						
	sess- What information can you identify on the map?						
	a.The information on the map shows						
	b. What part of the Earth System is this information related to air, water, land, ice living things?						







Map Cube Questions

Keywords (add more words):

area	biggest	: value	Earth System
least	legend	most	smallest value

1. Examine - What do the colors of the map	tell you? Look closely at the map.				
a.The color I see the most is	a.The color I see the most is				
b.The color I see the least is					
c.The (day/monthly/year) on the map	s				
2. Search and Find- Where on Earth do you	ı see this map?				
a.What part of the world does the map ocean, etc.)	show? (For example, country, continent,				
b.Point to a spot on the map and color	this circle with a crayon (or pencil)				
of a matching color to show the col	or in the spot on the map.				
c. The color in the spot I am pointing to	tells me that the area on the map is				
3. Analyze- What do the colors and numbe	rs on the map tell you?				
a.The <u>color</u> on one end of the legend is	s This means				
b.The <u>color</u> on the other end of the leg	end is This means				
c.The <u>number</u> on one end of the legen	d This means				
4. Ask- What information do you want to ki	now about the map?				
a. I want to know					
b.How					
5. Connect- How do the data connect to th	e locations on the map?				
a.The place with the biggest value or	number is				
b.The place with the smallest value o	r number is				
c. What locations share similar values?	Why do you think these are similar?				
6. Assess- What information can you ident	ify on the map?				
a.The information on the map shows					
	is information related to air, water, land, ice				
aving annys:					







Map Cube Questions

Keywords (add more words):

Earth System highest value latitude least longitude lowest value most pattern

1.	Examine - What do the colors of the map tell you? Look closely at the map.				
	a. The colors that show the most represent				
	b. The colors that show the least represent				
	c. The date(s) shown on the map (is/are)				
2.	Search and Find- Where on Earth do you see this map?				
	a. Something or someplace I recognize on the map is				
	b. The latitude goes from to				
	c. The longitude goes from to				
3.	Analyze- What changes do you observe? What happened?				
	a. The highest values show up in areas. This means				
	b. The lowest values show up in areas. This means				
	c. One pattern or change I observe is				
4.	Ask- What information do you want to know about the map?				
	a. I want to know				
	b. How				
5.	Connect- How do the data connect to the locations on the map?				
	a. The latitude and longitude of a place with the highest value/number is				
	b. The latitude and longitude of a place with the lowest value /number is				
	c. What locations share similar values? Why do you think these are similar?				
6.	Assess- What information can you identify on the map?				
	a. Summarize the information that you learned from looking at the map.				
	b. What part of the Earth System is this information related to?	_			
	Evamples atmosphere bisenhere etc				







Map Cube Questions

Keywords (add more words):

Earth System highest value latitude least longitude lowest value most pattern

1.	Examine - What do the colors of the map tell you? Look closely at the map.
	a. The colors that show the most represent
	b. The colors that show the least represent
	c. The date(s) shown on the map (is/are)
2.	Search and Find- Where on Earth do you see this map?
	a. Something or someplace I recognize on the map is
	b. The latitude goes from to
	c. The longitude goes from to
3.	Analyze- What changes do you observe? What happened?
	a. The highest values show up in areas. This means
	b. The lowest values show up in areas. This means
	c. One pattern or change I observe is
4.	Ask- What information do you want to know about the map?
	a. I want to know
	b. How
5.	Connect- How do the data connect to the locations on the map?
	a. The latitude and longitude of a place with the highest value/number is
	b. The latitude and longitude of a place with the lowest value /number is
	c. What locations share similar values? Why do you think these are similar?
6. <i>i</i>	Assess- What information can you identify on the map?
	a. Summarize the information that you learned from looking at the map.
	b. What part of the Earth System is this information related to?
	Example: atmosphere, biosphere, etc.







Map Cube Questions

Keywords (add more words):

coordinates Earth System longitude latitude time frame unit variable

1.	Examine - What do the colors of the map tell you? Look closely at the map. a. What variable is represented by the colors? b. This variable explains			
	c. The unit used for the variable is			
	d. The time frame for the map is			
2.	Search and Find- Where on Earth do you see this map?			
_,	a.The latitude and longitude coordinates are————.			
	b.An area (or coordinates) with the highest values is ——————.			
	This represents—			
	Example: North, West, Asia, Africa,13.4° N, 144.7° E			
	c. An area (or coordinates) with the lowest values is			
	This represents			
	Example: North, West, Asia, Africa,13.4° N, 144.7° E			
3.	Analyze- What changes do you observe? What happened?			
	a.I observe the following pattern			
	b. What changes (or similarities) do you observe in the data values along lines of			
	latitude? What may influence this pattern?			
	c.What changes (or similarities) do you observe in the data values along lines of			
	longitude? What may influence this pattern?			
4.	Ask - What information do you want to know about the map?			
	a.My hypothesis is that if, then b.How many? How long? How often?			
_				
э.	Connect - How do the data connect to the locations on the map?			
	a.Select a location on the map. What does the information on the legend tell you about the location?			
	b.Scan the entire map and select a few locations. How does the variable change?			
	c. What events or processes could cause these data values to change?			
6	Assess- What information can you identify on the map?			
٥.	a. Summarize the information that you observed on the map.			
	b. What part of the Earth System is this information related to atmosphere,			
	biosphere, cryosphere, geosphere, or hydrosphere?			
	c. Explain the changes in this part of the Earth System ?			
	d. How does this variable affect other parts of the Earth System?			







Map Cube Questions

Keywords (add more words):

coordinates Earth System longitude latitude time frame unit variable

1.	Examine - What do the colors of the map tell you? Look closely at the map. a. What variable is represented by the colors? b. This variable explains
	c. The unit used for the variable is
	d. The time frame for the map is
2.	Search and Find- Where on Earth do you see this map? a. The latitude and longitude coordinates are————.
	b.An area (or coordinates) with the highest values is ——————.
	This represents——————————————————————————————————
	c. An area (or coordinates) with the lowest values is This represents
	Example: North, West, Asia, Africa,13.4° N, 144.7° E
3.	Analyze - What changes do you observe? What happened? a.I observe the following pattern
	b. What changes (or similarities) do you observe in the data values along lines of latitude? What may influence this pattern?
	c.What changes (or similarities) do you observe in the data values along lines of longitude? What may influence this pattern?
4.	Ask - What information do you want to know about the map?
	a.My hypothesis is that if, then, then
	b. How many : How tong : How orten :
5.	Connect - How do the data connect to the locations on the map? a.Select a location on the map. What does the information on the legend tell you about the location?
	b.Scan the entire map and select a few locations. How does the variable change? c.What events or processes could cause these data values to change?
6.	Assess- What information can you identify on the map?
	a. Summarize the information that you observed on the map.
	b. What part of the Earth System is this information related to atmosphere,
	biosphere, cryosphere, geosphere, or hydrosphere?
	c. Explain the changes in this part of the Earth System ?



d. How does this variable affect other parts of the Earth System?



Name: Date: **Map Cube Questions**



1. Examine- What do the colors of the map tell you?

a.	The color scale represents the variable	
b.	This variable explains	Example, temperature, precipitation, etc.
c.	What is the unit for the variable?	Example, cm, mm, inches, m, km, etc.
Ч	What is the range for the unit?	

2. Search and Find- Where on Earth do you see this map?

- a. What is the latitude and longitude range?
- b. Identify a place you recognize and its approximate latitude and longitude.
- c. What type of map projection is this?
- 3. Analyze- What changes do you observe? What happened?
 - a. What patterns are there for the high values?
 - b. What patterns are there for the low values?
 - c. What time frame does this map represent?
- **4. Ask** What information do you want to know about the map?
 - a. Form a hypothesis about the data displayed on the map.
 - b. What inference can you make about the cause of the data displayed?
- **5. Connect** How do the data connect to the locations on the map?
 - a. Look at the legend on the map. What do you interpret that is happening?
 - b. How does the variable change by latitude and longitude on the map?
 - c. How do the values change by area?
 - d. What events or processes could cause these data values to change?
- **6. Assess** What information can you identify on the map?
 - a. Why do you think this variable changed by area?
 - b. How does this variable affect other parts of the Earth System?
 - c. How could you determine the impact of this variable on other parts of the Earth System?









Map Cube Questions

- 1. Examine- What do the colors of the map tell you?
- 2. Search and Find- Where on Earth do you see this map?
 - a. What is the latitude and longitude range?
 - b. Identify a place you recognize and its approximate latitude and longitude.
 - c. What type of map projection is this?
- 3. Analyze- What changes do you observe? What happened?
 - a. What patterns are there for the high values?
 - b. What patterns are there for the low values?
 - c. What time frame does this map represent?
- **4. Ask** What information do you want to know about the map?
 - a. Form a hypothesis about the data displayed on the map.
 - b. What inference can you make about the cause of the data displayed?
- **5. Connect** How do the data connect to the locations on the map?
 - a. Look at the legend on the map. What do you interpret that is happening?
 - b. How does the variable change by latitude and longitude on the map?
 - c. How do the values change by area?
 - d. What events or processes could cause these data values to change?
- **6. Assess** What information can you identify on the map?
 - a. Why do you think this variable changed by area?
 - b. How does this variable affect other parts of the Earth System?
 - c. How could you determine the impact of this variable on other parts of the Earth System?





Keywords (add more words):

axis axes graph highest horizontal line graph lowest shortest vertical

 Examine- What are the parts of the graph? (Look for clue 	,
a. The information on the line graph shows	·
b. What does the horizontal axis represent? (This is us	=
numbers.) The horizontal axis represents	
c. What does the vertical axis represent? (This is usual	
The vertical axis represents	·
d. What are the lowest numbers on the horizontal and	
The lowest numbers are and vertical	<u> </u>
e. What are the highest numbers on the horizontal and	d vertical axes?
The highest numbers are and	·
The highest numbers are and vertical 2. Search and Find - How is the information connected in th	e graph?
 a. Place an X on the high points of the line graph. Draw points. 	
b. Place an O on the low points of the line graph . Draw	a line connecting the low
points.	J
3. Analyze - How do the numbers change in the graph ?	
a. The changes on the line graph that I see are	
b. The biggest change on the graph is	
represents	
4. Ask - What do you want to know about the information fro	
a. Why	
b. How much	
5. Connect - How can we use this information to help us?	
a. I think would be interested in this gra	ph . (Example: farmers, etc.)
b. A community member can use this information to	
6. Assess - What information do you see on the graph ?	
a. Look at the line graph (not the axes). Describe its sh	ape (Example, straight,
curve, hill, zig zag, etc.)	
b.What does the tallest point of the line graph show? T	he point shows
c. What does the shortest point of the line graph show	/? The point shows





Keywords (add more words):

axis axes graph highest horizontal line graph lowest shortest vertical

1. E	mine- What are the parts of the graph? (Look for clues in the title.)	
	. The information on the line graph shows	_ ·
	What does the horizontal axis represent? (This is usually on the botto	m with
	numbers.) The horizontal axis represents	·
	What does the vertical axis represent? (This is usually on the left with	numbers)
	The vertical axis represents	
	What are the lowest numbers on the horizontal and the vertical axes	s ?
	The lowest numbers are and	
	The lowest numbers are and vertical What are the highest numbers on the horizontal and vertical axes ?	
	The highest numbers are and	
2. S	The highest numbers are and horizontal vertical rch and Find- How is the information connected in the graph?	
	Place an X on the high points of the line graph . Draw a line connecting	the high
	points.	
	Place an O on the low points of the line graph. Draw a line connecting	the low
	points.	
3. A	llyze- How do the numbers change in the graph?	
	The changes on the line graph that I see are	·
	. The biggest change on the graph is Th	is
	represents	
4. <i>A</i>	- What do you want to know about the information from the line graph	1?
	. Why	?
	How much	?
5. C	nect- How can we use this information to help us?	
	I think would be interested in this graph . (Example: farr	ners, etc.)
	A community member can use this information to	
6. <i>A</i>	ess- What information do you see on the graph?	
	Look at the line graph (not the axes). Describe its shape (Example, strocurve, hill, zig zag, etc.)	aight,
	What does the tallest point of the line graph show? The point shows	
	What does the shortest point of the line graph show? The point show:	c







Keywords (add more words):

data decrease graph increase label time range unit scale time range variable X-axis Y-axis

L. Examine - What are parts of the graph ?	DRY •	
a. The title tells me		
b. The label on the x-axis is	Responding Variable	
The label on the y-axis is	(Dependent)	
c. The unit on the x-axis is		—
The unit on the y-axis is	Manipulated Variable (Independent) X Axis	• 1
d. The scale on the x-axis is	. The scale on the y-axis is	_ •
2. Search and Find- How is the information o	connected in the graph?	
a.Place an X on the high points of the gr o	aph. Draw a line connecting these points	•
b.Place an O on the low points of the gra	aph. Draw a line connecting these points.	
c.The time range for the data is from	to	
3. Analyze - How do the numbers in the grap l	h change?	
a.Look at the data . Describe their shape.	. (Example, straight, curve, hill, etc.).	
b.The bottom of the graph is the ax	xis. This manipulated variable is	
c.The left side of the graph is the a	ı xis . This responding variable is	
d.The numbers on the graph show		
1. Ask - What are questions you can answer w	vith these data ?	
a.Why		_ (
5. Connect - How can we use this information	n to help us?	
a.I thinkwould be interes	sted in this data . (Example: farmers, etc.)	
b.How could this community member us		
5. Assess - What information do you see on th	ne graph ?	
a.Look at the line graph (not the axes). [Describe its shape. (Example, straight,	
	<u>. (</u> Example: increase , decrease , etc	
	that	





MIX



Graph Cube Questions

Keywords (add more words):

data decrease graph increase label time range unit scale time range variable X-axis Y-axis

1. Examine- What are parts of the graph?	DRY
a. The title tells me	↑
	Responding
b. The label on the x-axis is	(Dependent)
The label on the y-axis is	·
c. The unit on the x-axis is	Manipulated Variable
The unit on the y-axis is	
d. The scale on the x-axis is The scale on	
Search and Find- How is the information connected in th	e graph?
a.Place an X on the high points of the graph . Draw a lir	e connecting these points.
b.Place an O on the low points of the graph . Draw a lin	e connecting these points.
c.The time range for the data is from	to
3. Analyze - How do the numbers in the graph change?	
a.Look at the data . Describe their shape. (Example, str	aight, curve, hill, etc.).
b.The bottom of the graph is the axis . This manip	ulated variable is
c.The left side of the graph is the axis . This respon	nding variable is
d.The numbers on the graph show	•
4. Ask - What are questions you can answer with these data	
a.Why	
b.How much	
5. Connect - How can we use this information to help us?	
a.I thinkwould be interested in this dat	(Example: farmers, etc.)
b. How could this community member use these data ?	2. (Example: Farmere, etc.)
6. Assess - What information do you see on the graph ?	
	ra (Evaporlo etraialet
a.Look at the line graph (not the axes). Describe its sho	
curve, hill, zig zag, etc.) The shape is	
b. The data from the graph (Examp	
c.The information on the araph tells me that	







Keywords (add more words):

characteristics dependent variable independent variable unit variable X-axis Y-axis

a. The name of the variable on the x-axis is va va		Daamandina		
	riable.			
		Responding Variable (Dependent)		
b. The name of the variable on the y-axis is		Y Axis		
				→ M
It is theva			Manipulated Variable (Independent) X Axis	/
c. The unit on the x-axis is				- .
The unit on the y-axis is				_•
d. The scale on the x-axis is The scale on	the y-	axis is		_•
Search and Find - How is the information connected in th	he grap	h?		
a.Place an X on the high points of the graph. Draw a lir	ne conn	ecting t	hese points.	
b.Place an O on the low points of the graph. Draw a lin	ne conn	ecting tl	nese points.	
c.The time range for the data is from	to			_ •
Analyze - How do the data in the graph change?				
a. What are the changes that you see happening on the	e line gr	aph?		
b.When/where do you see the most change in the data	?			
c.When/where do you see the least change in the data	?			
Ask - What are questions you can answer with these dato	a?			
a.What are the characteristics of				?
b.When did			happen?	
c.How does compare/contrast w	/ith		?	
Connect - How can we use this information to help us?				
a.What parts of the Earth are affected by this?				
b. What do you think may cause these events?				
c.What community members may need these data? Wl	hy?			
Assess- What information do you see on the graph?				
a. As the independent variable , the deper increase(s), decrease(s), stay(s) the same	ndent v	variable ase(s), decr	will rease(s), stay th	 e same







Keywords (add more words):

characteristics dependent variable independent variable unit variable X-axis Y-axis

1. Examine - What are parts of the graph?		DR	Υ	
a. The name of the variable on the x-axis is		↑		
		Responding		
It is the v independent, dependent	ariable.			
b. The name of the variable on the y-axis is		Y Axis		
It is the independent, dependent	variable.	L		→ MIX
			Manipulated Variable (Independent) X Axis	,
c. The unit on the x-axis is				•
The unit on the y-axis is				
d. The scale on the x-axis is The scale o	n the y-c	ı xis is _		•
2. Search and Find - How is the information connected in	the grap	h?		
a.Place an X on the high points of the graph. Draw a l	line conn	ecting t	hese points.	
b.Place an O on the low points of the graph. Draw a l	ine conn	ecting th	nese points.	
c.The time range for the data is from	to			
3. Analyze - How do the data in the graph change?				
a. What are the changes that you see happening on th	ne line gr	aph?		
b.When/where do you see the most change in the dat	:a?			
c.When/where do you see the least change in the dat	a?			
4. Ask- What are questions you can answer with these da	ta?			
a.What are the characteristics of				?
b.When did				
c.How does compare/contrast				
5. Connect - How can we use this information to help us?				
a.What parts of the Earth are affected by this?				
b.What do you think may cause these events?				
c.What community members may need these data? V	Vhy?			
6. Assess - What information do you see on the graph?	J			
a. As the independent variable , the dep increase(s), decrease(s), stay(s) the same	endent v	/ariable ise(s), decr	will ease(s), stay the	e same
b. Based on what you know about these science varia	bles, exp	lain the	data.	





Graph Cube Questions

- 1. Examine- What are parts of the graph?
 - a. What variable is represented on the x-axis? What is the range of values?
 - b. What variable is represented on the y-axis? What is the range of values?
 - c. What are the units of measurement for the x and y axes?
 - d. What geographic location does the data on the graph represent?
- 2. Search and Find- How is the information connected in the graph?
 - a. Place X on the high points of the line graph. Draw a line connecting the points.
 - b.Place O on the low points of the line graph. Draw a line connecting the points.
 - c.Do the data repeat in recognizable ways? Explain.
 - d. What kinds of patterns or trends do you see in the distribution of the data? Explain.
 - e. How do the patterns you see in the graph relate to other things you know?
- **3. Analyze** How are the data in the graph related?
 - a. Describe the relationship between the variables: positive, negative, or none.
 - b. Brainstorm one science variable that you predict to be directly proportional.
 - c.Brainstorm one science variable that you predict to be inversely proportional.
- **4. Ask** What are science questions you can answer with these data?

a.What are the attributes of ₁		?
b. What would happen to	if	?
c. How does	compare/contrast with	?

- **5. Connect** How can we use this information to help us?
 - a. I think_____ would be interested in these data because _____
 - b. What real-world problems could this community member use these data to solve?
 - c. What parts of the Earth System are involved in this/these events?
 - d. What other science processes are related to this event?
- **6. Assess** What information do you see on the graph?
 - a. What is the numerical range of the data? Mean? Median? Mode?
 - b. How is the mean different from the mode in these data?
 - c. Are there any outliers? If so, what are they?





Graph Cube Questions

- 1. Examine- What are parts of the graph?
 - a. What variable is represented on the x-axis? What is the range of values?
 - b. What variable is represented on the y-axis? What is the range of values?
 - c. What are the units of measurement for the x and y axes?
 - d. What geographic location does the data on the graph represent?
- 2. Search and Find- How is the information connected in the graph?
 - a. Place X on the high points of the line graph. Draw a line connecting the points.
 - b. Place O on the low points of the line graph. Draw a line connecting the points.
 - c.Do the data repeat in recognizable ways? Explain.
 - d. What kinds of patterns or trends do you see in the distribution of the data? Explain.
 - e. How do the patterns you see in the graph relate to other things you know?
- **3. Analyze** How are the data in the graph related?
 - a. Describe the relationship between the variables: positive, negative, or none.
 - b. Brainstorm one science variable that you predict to be directly proportional.
 - c.Brainstorm one science variable that you predict to be inversely proportional.
- **4. Ask** What are science questions you can answer with these data?

a.What are the attributes of		?
b. What would happen to	if	?
c. How does	compare/contrast with _	?

- **5. Connect** How can we use this information to help us?
 - a. I think_____ would be interested in these data because _____ .
 - b. What real-world problems could this community member use these data to solve?
 - c. What parts of the Earth System are involved in this/these events?
 - d. What other science processes are related to this event?
- **6. Assess** What information do you see on the graph?
 - a. What is the numerical range of the data? Mean? Median? Mode?
 - b. How is the mean different from the mode in these data?
 - c. Are there any outliers? If so, what are they?







Data Cube Questions

Keywords (add more words):

collect/collected data highest value instrument lowest value measure

1. Examine - What are the data (information) ab	out?
a. The data (information) are about	e: air temperature, precipitation, plants, etc.
b.By looking at the data I see	
2. Search and Find- How were the data measu	ıred?
a.The data were collected by	
b. The instrument used to measure this do	
3. Analyze - What do the data show?	Example: thermometer, ruler, etc.
a.The place on Earth where the data were Ex	collected is cample: city, state, latitude/longitude, global, etc.
b.I observe that the time when the data we	
4. Ask - Write your own questions using the dat	Example: month, year, day, etc. a .
a.Why	?
b.How	?
5. Connect - How can we use this information to	help us?
a. These data help us understand	
b.These data can help scientists by	·
6. Assess - What does the information tell you?	Calculate or estimate using the data .
a. The highest value is The	e lowest value is
b. Graph the data (use graph paper or crea	te your own graph to show your
information).	







Name: Dat

Data Cube Questions

Keywords (add more words):

collect/collected data highest value instrument lowest value measure

1. Examine - What are the data (information) ab	pout?
a. The data (information) are about	le: air temperature, precipitation, plants, etc.
b.By looking at the data I see	
2. Search and Find- How were the data measu	ured?
a.The data were collected by Exam	
b. The instrument used to measure this d	
3. Analyze- What do the data show?	Example: thermometer, ruler, etc.
a.The place on Earth where the data were	collected is cample: city, state, latitude/longitude, global, etc
b.I observe that the time when the data we	
4. Ask - Write your own questions using the dat	Example: month, year, day, etc.
a.Why	?
b.How	?
5. Connect - How can we use this information to	help us?
a. These data help us understand	
b.These data can help scientists by	·
6. Assess - What does the information tell you?	Calculate or estimate using the data .
a. The highest value is The	e lowest value is
b. Graph the data (use graph paper or cred	ite your own graph to show your
information).	







Keywords (add more words):

collect/collected data geographic area highest value lowest value time range unit

1. Examine - What are the data (inform	nation) about?
a. The unit used for the data is $_$	Example: °C, cm, kg, etc.
b.The data represent (are about)_	Example: °C, cm, kg, etc. Example: temperature, distance, mass, etc.
2. Search and Find- How were the dat	Example: temperature, distance, mass, etc. ta measured?
b. The data were collected by	Example: day, week, month, year, etc.
b. The data were collected by	Example: me, scientist, satellite, etc.
3. Analyze - What does the information	n tell you? Calculate or estimate the numbers.
using the data .	
a.The highest value is	and represents
b.The lowest value is	and represents
c.The pattern/s I see	the least, etc. in the data is/are
4. Ask - Write your own questions using	the least, etc. g the data .
	?
b.How can	?
5. Connect - How can we use this infor	mation to help us?
b.These data help explain why —	
	ınderstand
6. Assess - What do the data show?	
a.The geographic area of Earth w	where the data were collected is Example: city, state, latitude/longitude, global, etc
b.The time range (when did it hap	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
c.Graph the data. (Use graph pap	er or create your own graph to show your
information.)	·







Keywords (add more words):

collect/collected data geographic area highest value lowest value time range unit

	ne - What are the data (inform	·
a. Th	ne unit used for the data is $_$	Example: °C, cm, kg, etc.
b.Th	e data represent (are about)_	Example: °C, cm, kg, etc. Example: temperature, distance, mass, etc.
2. Search	h and Find - How were the dat	Example: temperature, distance, mass, etc. ca measured?
a.Th	e data were collected everu	
h Th	o data wara callected bu	Example: day, week, month, year, etc.
		Example: me, scientist, satellite, etc.
3. Analy:	ze - What does the informatior	n tell you? Calculate or estimate the numbers.
using	g the data .	
a.Th	e highest value is	and represents
b.Th	e lowest value is	and represents
c.Th	e pattern/s I see	in the data is/are
	،Example: the most Vrite your own questions using	
		?
		?
5. Conne	e ct - How can we use this infor	mation to help us?
a.Th	ese data help us understand-	
		·
		ınderstand
6. Assess	s- What do the data show?	
a.Th	e geographic area of Earth w	where the data were collected is
h Th	e time range (when did it hap	Example: city, state, latitude/longitude, global, et open?) is from to .
		Example: Monday, October, 12:00, etc.
	, , , , ,	er or create your own graph to show your
inf	formation.)	







Data Cube Questions

Keywords (add more words):

central tendency data Earth System mean median mode phenomenon sphere time range variable unit

1. Examine - What are	:he data about?	
a.The variable is	It represents	
b.The independen	variable is	
c. The dependent	variable is	
2. Search and Find- H	ow were the data measured?	
a.The	instrument collected these d	lata.
b.The data are co	lected everyExample: day, week, month, o	
c. The unit used t	describe the data is	
3. Analyze- What doe		m, kg, etc.
•	area of Earth that is represented is	
	is fromto	
	longs in thesphere of	
	Example: Hydrosphere, Atmosphere, etc.	
J	questions using the data .	
a.How do, Why	What is	
b.I would like to c	mpare with these data beco	ause
c.How do these d	ta affect another sphere in the Earth Sys	tem?
5. Connect - How can	ve use this information to help us?	
a.These data help	us understand	
b.These data can	explain the phenomenon ofbeca	iuse
6. Assess - What does	he information tell you? Calculate or estim	nate the numbers
using the data .		
a.The range of the	data is	
b. The data's mea	n is equal to; median;	mode
	central tendency that best represents the	
	mode . This is because	
mean, median o d.Graph the data	mode (use graph paper or create your own graph	n to show your
:-f	3 p 2 2 9 cm. 9 cm. 9 cm.	900







Data Cube Questions

Keywords (add more words):

central tendency data Earth System mean median mode phenomenon sphere time range variable unit

1. Examine - What are the data about?	
a.The variable is	It represents
b.The independent variable is	
c. The dependent variable is	
2. Search and Find- How were the date	ta measured?
a.Thein	istrument collected these data.
b.The data are collected every	Example: day, week, month, quarter, year, etc.
c. The unit used to describe the do	ata is
3. Analyze- What does the data show	Example: °C, cm, ka, etc.
-	at is represented is
	to
	sphere of the Earth System
Example:	: Hydrosphere, Atmosphere, etc.
4. Ask - Write your own questions using	
a.How do, Why, What is	
b.I would like to compare	with these data because
c.How do these data affect anoth	er sphere in the Earth System ?
5. Connect - How can we use this infor	mation to help us?
a.These data help us understand .	
b.These data can explain the phe i	nomenon of because
6. Assess - What does the information	tell you? Calculate or estimate the numbers
using the data .	
a.The range of the data is	·
b. The data's mean is equal to	; median; mode
	cy that best represents the data is the
This is	because
mean, median or mode d. Graph the data (use araph pane	er or create your own graph to show your
information).	





- 1. Examine- What are the data about?
 - a. What does the variable represent?
 - b. What is the range of the data?
 - c. In which sphere of the Earth System does this variable belong?
- 2. Search and Find- How were the data measured?
 - a. What instrument/s collected these data?
 - b. How frequently were the data collected?
 - c. What unit describes the data?
- 3. Analyze- What does the data show?
 - a. What geographic area on Earth do the data represent?
 - b. What time range do these data represent?
 - c. What area and time data would you like to collect to help you analyze these data?
- **4. Ask-** Write your own questions using the data.
 - a. Identify a question related to these data that you could research.
 - b. Identify another scientific variable that you could evaluate with these data.
 - c. How do you think this area compares to other geographic provinces in your region?

(i.e., coastal plain, highlands, etc.)

- 5. Connect- How can we use this information to help us?
 - a. What kinds of research questions could we use these data for?
 - b. Describe how you may use these data to explain a naturally occurring event.
 - c. How is technology connected to these data?
- **6. Assess-** What information do you see on the graph?
 - a. Are there any outliers? If so, what are they?
 - b. Do the outliers meet your expectations? Why/Why not?
 - c. Graph the data (use graph paper or create your own graph to show your information).







- 1. Examine- What are the data about?
 - a. What does the variable represent?
 - b. What is the range of the data?
 - c. In which sphere of the Earth System does this variable belong?
- 2. Search and Find- How were the data measured?
 - a. What instrument/s collected these data?
 - b. How frequently were the data collected?
 - c. What unit describes the data?
- 3. Analyze- What does the data show?
 - a. What geographic area on Earth do the data represent?
 - b. What time range do these data represent?
 - c. What area and time data would you like to collect to help you analyze these data?
- **4. Ask-** Write your own questions using the data.
 - a. Identify a question related to these data that you could research.
 - b. Identify another scientific variable that you could evaluate with these data.
 - c. How do you think this area compares to other geographic provinces in your region?

(i.e., coastal plain, highlands, etc.)

- 5. Connect- How can we use this information to help us?
 - a. What kinds of research questions could we use these data for?
 - b. Describe how you may use these data to explain a naturally occurring event.
 - c. How is technology connected to these data?
- **6. Assess-** What information do you see on the graph?
 - a. Are there any outliers? If so, what are they?
 - b. Do the outliers meet your expectations? Why/Why not?
 - c. Graph the data (use graph paper or create your own graph to show your information).

